

## PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

**POLICY:** Oncology – Tasigna Prior Authorization Policy

- Tasigna® (nilotinib capsules – Novartis)

**REVIEW DATE:** 05/31/2023

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### OVERVIEW

Tasigna, a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI), is indicated for the following uses:<sup>1</sup>

- **Chronic myeloid leukemia (CML)**, chronic phase, newly diagnosed and Philadelphia chromosome positive (Ph+), in adult and pediatric patients  $\geq 1$  year of age.
- **CML**, Ph+, chronic phase and accelerated phase, in adults with resistance or intolerance to prior therapy that included imatinib.
- **CML**, Ph+, chronic phase and accelerated phase, in pediatric patients  $\geq 1$  year of age with resistance or intolerance to prior TKI therapy.

### Guidelines

Tasigna is addressed in guidelines from National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN):

- **Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL):** NCCN guidelines for adults and adolescents (version 1.2022 – April 4, 2022) recommend Tasigna for Ph+ disease in many different clinical circumstances (e.g., induction, consolidation therapy, maintenance, or relapsed or refractory disease) [category 2A].<sup>2,8</sup> TKIs in combination with other agents (e.g., chemotherapy or corticosteroids) are recommended for induction therapy for Ph+ ALL. TKIs have also been incorporated into consolidation and maintenance therapy, as well as in the relapsed/refractory setting (category 2A). TKI options include: Bosulif® (bosutinib tablets), Sprycel® (dasatinib tablets), imatinib, Tasigna, or Iclusig® (ponatinib tablets) [category 2A]. NCCN panel notes that not all TKIs have been directly studied within the context of each specific regimen and there are limited data for Bosulif in Ph+ ALL. Use of a specific TKI should account for anticipated/prior TKI intolerance and disease-related features. For adults and adolescents, Iclusig has activity against T315I mutations and/or in whom no other TKI is indicated (category 2A).
- **CML:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2023 – April 13, 2023) recommend Tasigna as a preferred primary treatment for newly diagnosed chronic phase Ph+ CML patients with a low-, intermediate-, or high-risk score (category 1).<sup>3,8</sup> Tasigna is also recommended as an alternative TKI treatment (after primary treatment with imatinib, Bosulif® [bosutinib tablets], or Sprycel® [dasatinib tablets]) for BCR-ABL1 transcript levels (category 2A). Tasigna is also recommended in a variety of other situations, including post-allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (category 2A).
- **Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor (GIST):** NCCN guidelines (version 1.2023 – March 13, 2023) recommend Tasigna as “useful in certain circumstances” after failure on approved therapies (category 2A).<sup>4</sup> Imatinib is a preferred regimen for first-line therapy (category 1) for sensitive mutations (excluding platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (*PDGFRA*) exon 18 mutations that are insensitive to imatinib including D842V mutation). Ayvakit® (avapritinib tablets) is also a preferred regimen (category 2A) for GIST with *PDGFRA* exon 18 mutations that are insensitive to imatinib, including the *PDGFRA* D842V mutation. Second-line therapies include sunitinib as “preferred” (category 1) and Sprycel as “other recommended regimen” (category 2A). Stivarga® (regorafenib tablets) is a “preferred” third-line therapy (category 1). Qinlock™ (ripretinib tablets) is a “preferred” fourth-line therapy (category 1).
- **Melanoma: Cutaneous:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2023 – March 10, 2023) recommend Sprycel as “useful in certain circumstances” for metastatic or unresectable disease with an

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activating *KIT* mutation as second-line or subsequent therapy for disease progression, intolerance, and/or projected risk of progression with *BRAF*-targeted therapy.<sup>5</sup>

- **Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia and Tyrosine Kinase Gene Fusions:** NCCN guidelines (version 1.2023 – May 19, 2023) recommend Tasigna as a preferred agent as “other recommended regimens” for *ABL1* rearrangements (category 2A).<sup>6</sup> It is also recommended as treatment in combination with ALL- or acute myeloid leukemia-type induction chemotherapy followed by allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) [if eligible] for lymphoid, myeloid or mixed lineage neoplasms with eosinophilia and *ABL1* rearrangement in blast phase (category 2A).<sup>8</sup>
- **Soft Tissue Sarcomas:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2023 – April 25, 2023) recommend Tasigna as “useful in certain circumstances” as single-agent therapy for the treatment of pigmented villonodular synovitis/tenosynovial giant cell tumor (category 2A).<sup>7</sup> Turalio® (pexidartinib capsules) is the preferred regimen (category 1) and imatinib is also cited as “useful in certain circumstances” (category 2A).

### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Tasigna. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

**Automation:** None.

### **RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA**

Coverage of Tasigna is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

#### **FDA-Approved Indication**

1. **Chronic Myeloid Leukemia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient has Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukemia.

#### **Other Uses with Supportive Evidence**

2. **Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - B) Patient has Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia.
3. **Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - B) Patient has tried each of the following (i, ii, iii, and iv):
    - i. Imatinib or Ayvakit (avapritinib tablets); AND
    - ii. Sunitinib or Sprycel (dasatinib tablets); AND
    - iii. Stivarga (regorafenib tablets); AND
    - iv. Qinlock (ripretinib tablets).
4. **Melanoma, Cutaneous.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A, B, C, and D):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND

- B) Patient has metastatic or unresectable disease; AND
- C) Patient has an activating *KIT* mutation; AND
- D) Patient has tried at least one systemic regimen.

Note: Examples of a systemic regimen include: Opdivo (nivolumab intravenous infusion) + Yervoy (ipilimumab intravenous infusion), Opdivo + Opdualag (nivolumab/relatlimab-rmbw intravenous infusion), Keytruda (pembrolizumab intravenous infusion), Opdivo, Tafinlar (dabrafenib capsules) + Mekinist (trametinib tablets), Zelboraf (vemurafenib tablets) + Cotellic (cobimetinib tablets), Braftovi (encorafenib capsules) + Mektovi (binimetinib tablets).

**5. Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):

- A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
- B) The tumor has an *ABL1* rearrangement.

**6. Pigmented Villonodular Synovitis/Tenosynovial Giant Cell Tumor.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets one of the following criteria (A or B):

- A) Patient has tried Turalio (pexidartinib capsules); OR
- B) Patient cannot take Turalio, according to the prescriber.

Note: Examples of reasons for not being able to take Turalio include patients with elevated liver enzymes or concomitant use of medications that are associated with hepatotoxicity.

### CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Tasigna is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

### REFERENCES

1. Tasigna<sup>®</sup> capsules [prescribing information]. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis; September 2021.
2. The NCCN Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 – April 4, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on May 11, 2023.
3. The NCCN Chronic Myeloid Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2023 – April 13, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on May 10, 2023.
4. The NCCN Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumors Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2023 – March 13, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on May 10, 2023.
5. The NCCN Melanoma: Cutaneous Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2023 – March 10, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on May 10, 2023.
6. The NCCN Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia and Tyrosine Kinase Gene Fusions Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2023 – May 19, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on May 10, 2023.
7. The NCCN Soft Tissue Sarcoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2023 – April 15, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on May 10, 2023.
8. The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Search term: nilotinib. Accessed on May 10, 2023.

