## **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY**

**POLICY:** Oncology – Lenvima Prior Authorization Policy

• Lenvima<sup>®</sup> (lenvatinib capsules – Eisai)

**REVIEW DATE:** 06/22/2022

#### **OVERVIEW**

Lenvima, a kinase inhibitor, is indicated for the following uses:<sup>1</sup>

- **Differentiated thyroid cancer** for treatment of locally recurrent or metastatic, progressive, radioactive iodine refractory disease.
- Endometrial cancer, in combination with Keytruda<sup>®</sup> (pembrolizumab intravenous infusion), for advanced disease that is mismatch repair proficient (pMMR), as determined by an FDA-approved test, or not microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) who have disease progression following prior systemic therapy in any setting and are not candidates for curative surgery or radiation.
- Hepatocellular carcinoma for first-line treatment of patients with unresectable disease.
- **Renal cell carcinoma**, advanced in combination with everolimus tablets, following one prior antiangiogenic therapy.
- **Renal cell carcinoma,** advanced, for first-line treatment of adult patients in combination with Keytruda.

#### Guidelines

Lenvima is discussed in guidelines from the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN):<sup>2</sup>

- **Hepatobiliary Cancers**: NCCN guidelines (version 1.2022 March 29, 2022) recommend Lenvima as other recommended regimen for first-line systemic therapy (Child-Pugh Class A only) for hepatocellular carcinoma (category 1). It is also recommended as subsequent-line therapy upon disease progression (Child-Pugh Class A only) [category 2A].<sup>3</sup>
- **Kidney Cancer**: NCCN guidelines (version 4.2022 December 21, 2021) recommend Lenvima + everolimus as a preferred regimen as subsequent therapy for relapse or stage IV disease with clear cell histology (category 1); this combination is also listed as systemic therapy, other recommended regimens, for relapsed or stage IV disease for non-clear cell histology (category 2A). Lenvima + Keytruda is listed as a preferred regimen for first-line therapy for relapsed or stage IV disease for clear cell histology (category 1); this combination is also listed as other recommended regimen for subsequent therapy for relapsed or stage IV disease for clear cell histology (category 1); this combination is also listed as other recommended regimen for subsequent therapy for relapsed or stage IV with clear cell histology (category 2A).<sup>4</sup>
- Thymomas and Thymic Carcinomas: NCCN guidelines (version 2.2022 May 3, 2022) recommends single-agent Lenvima (category 2A) as second-line systemic therapy for thymic carcinoma.<sup>5</sup>
- **Thyroid Carcinoma**: NCCN guidelines (version 2.2022 May 5, 2022) indicate that first-line treatment for differentiated thyroid cancer is surgery, whenever possible, followed by radioactive iodine therapy in selected patients, and levothyroxine therapy in all patients.<sup>2</sup> Systemic therapy options include cytotoxic chemotherapy and kinase inhibitors. The guidelines state that for progressive and/or symptomatic disease, Lenvima (preferred) for locally recurrent, advanced, and/or metastatic disease not amenable to radioactive iodine therapy (category 1). There is a footnote that states that kinase inhibitor therapy may not be appropriate for patients with stable or slowly progressive indolent disease. Lenvima can be considered for treatment of progressive or symptomatic medullary thyroid disease if clinical trials or preferred systemic therapy options are not available or appropriate, or if there is progression on preferred systemic therapy options (category 2A).<sup>6</sup>

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• Uterine Neoplasms: NCCN guidelines (version 1.2022– November 4, 2021) recommends Lenvima with Keytruda combination therapy for biomarker directed systemic therapy for second-line treatment for recurrent or metastatic endometrial carcinoma for non-MSI-high [MSI-H]/non-MMR-deficient [dMMR] tumors. This combination is a category 1 recommendation as preferred therapy.<sup>7</sup>

#### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Lenvima. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

Automation: None.

#### **RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA**

Coverage of Lenvima is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

#### **FDA-Approved Indications**

- **1. Endometrial Carcinoma**. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A, B, C, D, and E):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B)** Patient has advanced endometrial carcinoma that is not microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or mismatch repair deficient (dMMR); AND
  - C) The medication is used in combination with Keytruda (pembrolizumab intravenous injection); AND
  - D) Patient has tried at least one systemic therapy; AND <u>Note</u>: Examples of systemic therapy include carboplatin, paclitaxel, docetaxel, cisplatin, doxorubicin, or ifosfamide.
  - E) Patient is not a candidate for curative surgery or radiation.
- 2. Hepatocellular Cancer. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B**) Patient has unresectable or metastatic disease.
- 3. Renal Cell Cancer. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A, B, and C):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B)** Patient has advanced disease; AND
  - C) Patient meets ONE of the following (i <u>or</u> ii):
    - i. Lenvima is being used in combination with Keytruda (pembrolizumab intravenous infusion); OR
    - **ii.** Lenvima is being used in combination with everolimus tablets/Afinitor Disperz (everolimus tablets for oral suspension) AND patient meets one of the following (a <u>or</u> b):
      - a) Patient has clear cell histology and patient has tried one antiangiogenic therapy; OR
        <u>Note</u>: Examples of antiangiogenic therapy include Inlyta (axitinib tablets), Votrient (pazopanib tablets), Sutent (sunitinib capsules), or Cabometyx (cabozantinib tablets).
      - **b**) Patient has non-clear cell histology.
- **4.** Thyroid Carcinoma, Differentiated. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A, B, and C):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND

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- **B)** Patient has differentiated thyroid carcinoma. Note: Examples of differentiated thyroid carcinoma include papillary, follicular, and Hürthle cell thyroid carcinoma.
- C) The disease is refractory to radioactive iodine therapy.

### **Other Uses with Supportive Evidence**

- 5. Thymic Carcinoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
  - **B)** Patient has tried at least one chemotherapy regimen.

Note: Examples of a chemotherapy regimen include carboplatin plus paclitaxel, cisplatin, doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide, cisplatin plus etoposide.

6. Thyroid Carcinoma, Medullary. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and **B**):

(carbozantinib capsules), Retevmo (selpercatinib capsules), and Gavreto (pralsetinib capsules).

- A) Patient is  $\geq 18$  years of age; AND
- **B)** Patient has tried at least one systemic therapy. Examples of systemic therapy include Caprelsa (vandetanib tablets), Cometriq Note:

**CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL** Coverage of Lenvima is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Lenvima<sup>®</sup> capsules [prescribing information]. Woodcliff Lake, NJ: Eisai; December 2021.
- The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: 2. http://www.nccn.org. Accessed June 14, 2022. Search term: lenvatinib.
- 3. The NCCN Hepatobiliary Cancers Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 March 29, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed June 14, 2022.
- The NCCN Kidney Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 4.2022- December 21, 2021). © 2021 National 4. Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed June 14, 2022.
- 5. The NCCN Thymomas and Thymic Carcinoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2022 May 3, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed June 14, 2022.
- 6. The NCCN Thyroid Carcinoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2022 May 5, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed June 14, 2022.
- The NCCN Uterine Neoplasms Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 November 4, 2021). © 2022 7. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed June 14, 2022.

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